

### Myoglobin/CK-MB/Troponin I Combo Rapid Test Cassette (Whole Blood /Serum/Plasma)

REF CMA-435 English

A rapid test for the diagnosis of myocardial infarction (MI) to detect Myoglobin, Troponin I (cTnI) qualitatively in whole blood, serum or plasma. vitro diagnostic use only CK-MB and cardiac

The Myoglobin/OK-MB/Troponin I Combo Rapid Test Cassette (Whole Blood/Serum/Plesma) is a rapid chromatographic immunoassay for the qualitative detection of human Myoglobin, CK-MB and cardiac Troponin I (CTnI) in whole blood, serum or plasma as an aid in the diagnosis of myocardial infarction (MI). 【INTENDED USE】
The Myoglobin/CK-I

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The Myoglobin/CK-MB/Troponin I Combo Rapid Test Cassette (Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma) is a simple test that utilizes a combination of antibody coated particles and capture reagents to qualitatively detect Myoglobin, CK-MB and cardiae Troponin I (cTnI) in whole blood, serum or plasma. The minimum detection level is 50ng/mL Myoglobin, 5ng/mL CK-MB and 0.5ng/mL Troponin I.

qualitative, membrane based immunoassay for the detection of Myoglobin, CK-MB and cardiac Troponin I (Ciril) in whole blood, serum or plasma. The membrane is pre-coated with specific capture antibodies in each of the test. During testing, the whole blood, serum or plasma specimen reacts with the particle coated with specific antibodies. The mixture migrates upward on the membrane chromatographically by captillary action to react with specific capture reagents on the membrane and generate a colored line. The presence of this colored line in the specific test line region indicates a positive result, while its absence indicates a negative result. To serve as a procedural control, a colored line will always appear in the control line region indicating that proper volume of specimen has been added and membrane wicking has occurred. The MyoglobinCK-MBTroponin I Combo Rapid Tost. Cassette (Whole Blood/SerumPlasma) is a druallative, membrane based immunoassay for the detection of Myoglobin, CK-MB and cardiac Troponin I (cTrt) in whole blood, serum or plasma. The membrane is pre-cyated with specific capture antibodies to

The test contains anti-Myoglobin antibody conjugated colloid gold particles, anti-CK-MB antibody conjugated colloid gold particles, and capture [PRECAUTIONS] (REAGENTS)

- For professional *in vitro* diagnostic use only. Do not use after expiration date.

  Do not eat, drink or smoke in the area where the specimens or kits are handled.

  Do not use the test cassete if pouch is damaged.

  Handle all specimens as if they contain infectious agents. Observe established precautions against microbiological hazards throughout all procedures and follow the standard procedures for proper
- disposal of specimens.

  Wear protective clothing such as laboratory coats, disposable gloves and eye protection when specimens
- are assayed.

  The used lest materials should be discarded according to local regulations Humidity and temperature can adversely affect results.

  [STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Store as packaged in the scaled pouch either at room temperature or refrigerated (2-30°C). The test cassette is stable through the expiration date printed on the scaled pouch. The test cassette must remain in the scaled pouch until use. DO NOT FREEZE. Do not use after the expiration date.

\* The Myoglobin/CK-MB/Tropojin I Combo Rapid Test Cassette (Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma) can be

- using whole blood (from venipuncture or fingerstick), serum or plasma.
- To collect Fingerstick Whole Blood specimens:

  Wash the patient's hand with soap and warm water or clean with an alcohol swab. Allow to dry,

  Massage the hand without louching the puncture site by rubbing down the hand towards the fingertip of the middle or ring finger.

  Puncture the skin with a sterile lancet. Wipe away the first sign of blood.

  Gently rub the hand from wrist to palm to finger to form a rounded drop of blood over the puncture.
- the Fingerstick Whole Blood specimen to the test cassette by using <u>a capillary tube</u>: ouch the end of the capillary tube to the blood until filled to approximately 50 µL. Avoid air

- Place the bulb onto the top end of the capillary tube, then squeeze the bulb to dispense the whole blood to the specimen well of the test cassette.
  Add the Fingerstick Whole Blood specimen to the test cassette by using <u>hanging drops</u>:
  Position the patient's finger so that the drop of blood is just above the specimen area of the test
- Allow 2 hanging drops of fingerstick whole blood to fall into the center of the specimen area on the lest cassette, or move the patient's finger so that the hanging drop buckes the center of the specimen area. Avoid touching the finger directly to the specimen area.

  The patient is a specimen area.
- Testing should be performed immediately after the specimens have been collected. Do not leave the specimens at from temperature for prolonged periods. Serum and plasma specimens may be stored at 2-8°C for up to 2 days, for fong term storage, specimens should be kept below -20°C. Whole blood collected by venipuncture should be stored at 2-8°C if the test is to be run within 2 days of collection. Do not freeze whole blood specimens. Whole blood collected by fingersitics should be tested immediately. Bring specimens to from temperature prior to testing. Frozen specimens must be completely thawed and mixed well prior to testing. Specimens should not be frozen and thawed repeatedly. If specimens are to be shipped, they should be packed in compliance with local regulations covering the transportation of etiologic agents.

### [MATERIALS]

Test Cassettes

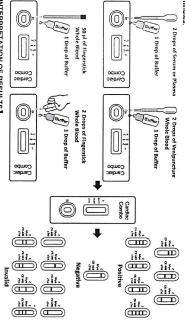
- Droppers Materials provided
   Droppers Buffer
   Materials required but not provided
  Containers Centrifuge
- Timer Package insert
- Specimen collection Containers For fingerstick whole blood
- [DIRECTIONS FOR USE] Heparinized capillary tubes and dispensing bulb
- Allow the test cassette, specimen, buffer and/or controls to reach room temperature (15-30°C) Bring the pouch to room temperature before opening it. Remove the test cassette from the sealed
- pouch and use it as soon as possible. Place the cassette on a clean and level surface. For <u>Serum or Plasma</u> specimen:
- r Serum or Plasma specimen:
  Hold the dropper vertically and transfer 2 drops of serum or plasma is specimen well, then add 1 drop of buffer (approximately 40 µL), and (approximately 50 μL) to the start the timer. See illustration
- or Venipuncture Whole Blood specimen: Hold the dropper vertically and transfer 2 drops of whole blood (approximately 50  $\mu$ L) to the specimen well, then add 1 drop of buffer (approximately 40  $\mu$ L), and start the timer. See illustration

- For Einizerstick Whole Blood specimen:

  For Einizerstick Whole Blood specimen:

  To use a capillary tube: Fill the capillary tube and transfer approximately 50 µL of fingerstick whole blood specimen to the specimen well of test cassette, then add 1 drop of buffer (approximately 40 µL) and start the timer. See illustration below.

  To use hanging drops: Allow 2 hanging drops of fingerstick whole blood specimen approximately 50 µL) to fall into the specimen area of test cassette, then add 1 drop of buffer (approximately 50 µL) to fall into the specimen area of test cassette, then add 1 drop of buffer (approximately 40 µL) and start the timer. See illustration below.



### [INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS]

(Please refer to the illustration above)

POSITIVE:\* A colored line in the control line region (C) and the presence of one or more colored lines in the test line regions indicates a positive result. This indicates that the concentration of Moglobin, CK-MB and/or cardiac Troponin I is above the minimum detection level.

\*NOTE: The intensity of the color in the test line region(s) will vary depending on the concentration of Moglobin, CK-MB and/or cardiac Troponin I present in the specimen. Therefore, any shade of color in the

less line regions should be considered positive.

NEGATIVE: One colored line appears in the centrol line region (C). No line appears in the test line region (T). This indicates that the concentration of Myoglobin, CK-MB and cardiac Troponin I are below the minimum detection levels.

INVALID: Control line fails to appear. Insufficient specimen volume or incorrect procedural techniques are the most likely reasons for control line failure. Review the procedure and repeat the test with a new test. If the problem persists, discontinue using the test fit immediately and contact your local distribution.

wicking and correct procedural technique.

Control standards are not supplied with this kir, however, it is recommended that positive and negative controls be tested as a good laboratory practice to confirm the test procedure and to verify proper test [ QUALITY CONTROL]

A procedural control is included in the lest. A colored line appearing in the control line region(C) is considered an internal procedural control. It confirms sufficient specimen volume, adequate membrane

- LIMITATIONS

  LIMIT

2'0

serum or plasma specimen from the same patient using a new test cassette.

[EXPECTED VALUES]

The Myoglobin/CK-MB/Troponin I combo Rapid Test Cassette (Whole Bood/Serum/ Plasma) has been compared with a leading commercial Myoglobin/CK-MB ELISA, cTri ELISA test, demonstrating an overall accuracy of 97.5% with Myoglobin, 99.1% with cardiac Troponin I (cTri), 99.4% with CK-MB.

## [PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS]

Sensitivity and Specificity

The Myoglobin/CK-MB/Troponin I Combo Rapid Test Casselte (Whole Blood/Senun/ Plasma) has been evaluated with a leading commercial Myoglobin ELISA, CK-MB ELISA, cTnl ELISA test using clinical specimens. The results show that relative to leading ELISA tests, the Myoglobin/CK-MB/Troponin I Combo Rapid Test Cassette (Whole Blood/Senun/ Plasma) shows 599.9% sensitivity and 97.2% specificity for Myoglobin, 99.4% sensitivity and 99.0% specificity for cardiac Troponin I (cTnl), and >99.9% sensitivity and 99.4% specificity for CK-MB. Myoglobin Rapid Test vs. ELISA

Method		ELISA	ISA	1
Woodship Banid Tool Cassatta	Results	Positive	Negative	I otal Kesuits
(Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma)	Positive	54	11	65
(vilidic biodarocialini lasina)	Negative	0	379	379
Total Results		54	068	444
Relative sensitivity: 54/54=>99.9% (95%CI*: 94.6%~100.0%):	% (95%CI*: 94	.6%~100.0%):		

Relative specificity: 379/390-97.2% (95%C)\*- 95.0%-98.6%); Accuracy: (54+379)/(54+11+379)-97.5%(95%C)\*- 95.6%-98.8%), Cardiac Troponin I Rapid Test vs. ELISA \*Confidence Intervals

Method		EL	ELISA	Takel Danille
Cardiac Troponin I Rapid Test	Results	Positive	Negative	Total Kesuits
Cassette (Whole	Positive	172	5	177
Blood/Serum/Plasma)	Negative	1	472	473
Total Results		173	477	650
Relative sensitivity: 172/173=99.4% (95%CI*: 96.8%~99.9%);	4% (95%CI*: 9	6.8%~99.9%);		
Deleting and History (1971) 177 177 177 177 177 177 177 177 177	000 0000	100 00 701		

(Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma) Results \*Confidence Intervals **Total Results** 

Relative sensitivity: 62/62=>99.9% (95%CI\*: 95.3%~100.0%); Relative specificity: 468/471=99.4% (95%CI\*: 98.1%~99.9%); Accuracy: (62+468)/(62+3+468)=99.4%(95%CI\*: 98.4%~99.9%). otal Results 468 \*Confidence Intervals

Between-run precision has been determined by 3 independent assays on the same fifteen specimens. Drog/mL, 50ng/mL, 100ng/mL, 200ng/mL and 400ng/mL, of Myoglobin, 0ng/mL, and 40ng/mL of cardiac Drog/mL, and 40ng/mL of CK-MB and 0ng/mL, 10ng/mL, 10ng/mL, 10ng/mL and 40ng/mL of cardiac Troponin I (cTnl). Three different lots of the Myoglobin/CK-MB/Troponin I Combo Rapid Test Cassette (Whoje Blood/Serum/Plasma) have been tested using these specimens. The specimens were correctly (Whoje Blood/Serum/Plasma) have been tested using these specimens. The specimens were correctly (Whoje Blood/Serum/Plasma) have been tested using these specimens. The specimens were correctly (Whoje Blood/Serum/Plasma) have been tested using these specimens. Intra-Assay
Within-run precision has been determined by using 15 replicates of below fifteen specimens: Myoglobin specimen levels at 0 ng/mL, 50 ng/mL, 100 ng/mL, 200 ng/mL, and 400 ng/mL, (5CH)8 specimen levels at 0 ng/mL, 20 ng/mL and 400 ng/mL, and 400 ng/mL (cTnl) specimen levels at 0 ng/mL, 10 ng/mL, 20 ng/mL and 40 ng/mL and cardiac Troponin I (cTnl) specimen levels at 0 ng/mL, 5 ng/mL, 10 ng/mL, 20 ng/mL and 40 ng/mL. The specimens were correctly detaillide >593% of primL, 1.0 ng/mL, 5.0 ng/mL, 10 ng/mL, and 40 ng/mL. The specimens were correctly detaillide >593% of primL, 1.0 ng/mL, 10 ng/mL

Cross-reactivity
The Myoglobin/CK-MB/Troponin I Combo Rapid Test Casscelle (Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma) has been reside by 10,000ng/mL Skeltell Troponin I, 2,000ng/mL Troponin I, 2,000ng/mL Cardiac Myosin, 1,800 ng/mL CK-MM, 1,200ng/mL CK-BB, HBsAb, HBsAb, HBsAb, HBsAb, HBsAb, Syphilis, anii-Hiv, anii-H.pyloni, MONO, anii-CMV, anii-Kbubla and anii-Toxoplasmosis positive specimens. The results anii-H.pyloni, MONO, anii-CMV, anii-Kbubla and anii-Toxoplasmosis positive specimens. The results anii-H.pyloni, MONO, anii-CMV, anii-Kbubla and anii-Toxoplasmosis positive specimens. The results anii-H.pyloni, MONO, anii-CMV, anii-Kbubla and anii-Toxoplasmosis positive specimens. dentified >99% of the time.

# Interfering Substances

The following potentially interfering substances were added to Myoglobin, CK-MB and/or cardiac Troponin I (cTnI) negative and positive speciments, respectively.

Acetaminophen: 20 mg/dL

Acetylealicytic Acid: 20mg/dL

Acetylealicytic Acid: 20mg/dL

Acetylealicytic Acid: 20mg/dL

Caffeine: 20 mg/dL

Acetylealicytic Acid: 20mg/dL

Acetylealicytic Acid: 20mg/dL

Caffeine: 20 mg/dL

Acetylealicytic Acid: 20mg/dL

Acetylealicytic Acid:

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Do not use if package is damaged	Store between 2-30°C	For in vitro diagnostic use only	Attention, see instructions for use
L	TOT		$\langle \cdot \rangle$
Manufacturer	LOT Lot Number	Use by	Tests per kit
	REF	<b>Ø</b>	EC REP
Consult Instructions Fo	Catalog #	Do not reuse	Authorized Representative

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